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A Machine for Pasture Interseeding



Agricultural Engineering Department Agricultural Experiment Station South Dakota State University Brookings



Figure J. Interseeded pasture immediately after interseeding.

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Figure 2. Interseeded pasture (same as in Figure 1) approximately 4 months after interseeding.



A Machine for Pasture Interseeding

By

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Many low producing grasslands in South Dakota lack legumes and/or high producing grasses. Introduction of legumes, such as pasture-type alfalfas, provides additional forage and nitrogen production that improves grass growth. High producing grasses can be introduced to supplement existing grasses in a pasture.

A pasture's productivity, species of forage, topography, soil type, and other factors should be considered when selecting methods of pasture renovation. Much low producing grassland can be improved by interseeding. Interseeding permits establishment of new legumes and grasses in low producing grasslands without creating potential erosion hazards or eliminating all production capabilities during the period of establishment.

Machine Development

A pasture interseeding machine that interseeds legumes and grasses in established grasslands has been developed by the Agricultural Engineering Department of South Dakota State University. The pasture interseeding machine cuts four furrows approximately 4 inches wide, 2 inches deep and 30 inches apart. Seeds are placed in a seedbed prepared in these furrows. The furrows eliminate some competition from the existing sod and minimize runoff and erosion if placed on the contour.

SDSU agricultural engineers designed the machine so the spring-loaded coulters and inclined disks cut slices of sod and soil. These slices are displaced to the sides of the cut furrows. Seeds are planted with furrow openers operating in the cut furrows. The results of interseeding legumes and grasses in grassland during 1969, 1970 and 1971 were favorable when adequate moisture and weather conditions prevailed. Most furrows and sod slices produced while interseeding will weather (see Figures 1 and 2), thus, maintenance of the grassland will not be severely handicapped. Results show much promise of increasing production and quality of grasslands. Approximately 900 acres of grassland were interseeded in southeastern South Dakota during the machine's development. Varied terrain, soil conditions and topography were encountered. Some interseeded areas were steep and rocky. From the first prototype to the final experimental machine, a number of modifications improved functional aspects and durability of the implement. The final machine consisted of spring-loaded coulters, inclined disks, double disk openers and seed metering devices mounted on a multiple toolbar frame (see Figure 4).

Machine Construction

The final machine was constructed from manufactured agricultural implement parts, drive train components, various steel angles and flats. Parts and material requirements are listed in Table 1. The parts are listed by item number. The locations of these parts on the constructed machine are identified by their item numbers in Figure 4 through Figure 14. The description of each part in Table 1 lists the figures in which that part is identified. Also, the description includes the manufacturer's part number and the name of the manufacturer.

Some parts were modified or fabricated especially for the machine. Views of these parts and procedures of modification and fabrication are shown in Figures 15 through 19.

References

For further information see:

[&]quot;Intersecting for Pasture and Range Improvement," L. A. Derscheid, R. A. Moore and M. D. Rumbaugh, FS 422, Cooperative Extension Service, South Dakota State University, 1970.

[&]quot;Pasture Interseeding," South Dakota Farm & Home Research, Vol. 22, No. 1, pp. 7-10, 1971.

[&]quot;Development and Performance of a Pasture Interseeding Machine." C. E. Johnson, E. A. Dowding and P. K. Turnquist, South Dakota State University, Paper No. NC71-103 presented at the 1971 annual meeting of the North Central Region of ASAE at Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, 1971.

Table 1. Parts and Materials List

Item Number	Quantity Require	d Description	Item Number	Quantity Require	d Description
1	1	Toolbar with 3 point hitch. Ford No. 13-190 $2\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 144$ in. See Figs. 4 and 13.	13	2	Hopper mounting post (vertical, 18 in.) Dakon-Noble No. 40611. See Fig. 14.
2	1	Toolbar (solid) $2\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 120$ in. See Fig. 11.	14	2	Grass seed hopper (2 rows per hop- per, double auger meter) Insul-Wool Machine Co. 121 N. Dodge Wichita
3	2	Fig. 7. For $f(x) = 1$ and $f(x) = 1$ for $x = 1$ and $x = 1$ for $x = 1$ and $x = 1$.			Kansas. See Fig. 4.
4	10	Clamp facing (cast for 21 in. square toolbar). Fleischer Manufacturing, Inc., Manufacturers of the Buffalo Line, No. 3-4404. See Figs. 12 and 14.	15	1	Drive wheel (6.00 × 16 tire, 30 tooth, ASA No. 50 roller chain sprocket). Fleischer Manufacturing, Inc., Manu- facturers of the Buffalo Line, No. K- 4301. See Fig. 8.
0	0	in. square toolbar). Special products Co. (Spee Co.) No. CF 1330. See Fig. 14.	16	1	44 tooth, $\frac{5}{8}$ in. pitch, ASA No. 50 roller chain sprocket, 1 in. bore, type B hub, $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{8}$ in. keyway. See Figs. 8 and 10.
6	3	Toolbar spacer $(12\frac{1}{2}$ in. spacing). Special Products Co. (Spee Co.) No. SP 13210. See Figs. 4 and 13.	17	I	12 tooth, $\frac{5}{8}$ in. pitch, ASA No. 50 roller chain sprocket, I in. bore type B hub, $\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{8}$ in. keyway. See Figs. 8 and 10.
7	2	Gauge wheel with 4 x 12 in. tire. Inter- national Harvester No. Kind 23 Code 1066. See Figs. 11 and 12.	18	1	30 tooth, $\frac{5}{4}$ in. pitch, ASA No. 50 roller chain sprocket, $\frac{3}{4}$ in. bore type B hub, $3/16 \times 3/32$ in. keyway. See Figs. 8 and
8	2	Gauge wheel to toolbar clamp. Fleischer Manufacturing, Inc., Manufacturers of the Buffalo Line, No. 3-4400-5-321. See Fig. 12.	19	1	10. 17 tooth, $\frac{5}{8}$ in. pitch, ASA No. 50 roller chain ball bearing idler sprocket, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. bore. See Figs. 8 and 10.
9	4	Spring loaded coulter with clamp. Case Power and Equipment No. T- 87657. See Figs. 6 and 13.	20	2	14 tooth, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. pitch, ASA No. 40 roller chain sprocket, $\frac{3}{4}$ in. bore type B hub, $3/16 \times 3/32$ in. keyway. See Fig. 9.
10	4	Sod removal disk. Each unit consists of the following parts as manufactured by Allis Chalmers (See Fig. 6). See Fig.	21	2	14 tooth, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. pitch, ASA No. 40 roller chain sprocket, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. bore type B hub, $\frac{1}{8} \times 1/16$ in. keyway. See Fig. 9.
		16 for shank modifications. Quantity Mfg.	22	2	14 tooth, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. pitch, ASA No. 40 roller chain ball bearing idler sprocket, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. bore. See Fig. 9.
		per Part unit Number Name	23	1	20 tooth, No. 32 detachable link chain sprocket. 3 in, hore, See Figs, 5 and 9,
		1 344830 Shank, short 2 344832 Cap, clamp 2 922970 Bolt	24	1	10 tooth, No. 32 detachable link chain sprocket, $\frac{3}{4}$ in. bore (spare sprocket for grass seeding rate change).
		2 905347 Lockwasher 2 912616 Nut	25	1	9 tooth, No. 32 detachable link chain sprocket, $\frac{3}{4}$ in. bore. See Figs. 5 and 9.
		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	26	1	8 tooth, No. 32 detachable link chain sprocket 3 in hore See Fig 9
		2 904209 Lockwasher 1 344824 Disk (18 in.)	27	1	7 tooth, No. 32 detachable link chain
		1 900412 Nut 1 344820 Bearing assembly	28	1	11 ft. of § in. pitch, ASA No. 50 roller
		1 344826 Housing, bearing 2 340912 Spool, bearing	29	1	3 ft. of $\frac{5}{8}$ in. pitch, ASA No. 50 roller chain. See Fig. 10.
		1 330072 Washer, gang bolt 3 333489 Washer, spring	30	2	4 ft. ½ in. pitch, ASA No. 50, roller chain. See Fig. 14.
11	4	Double disk furrow opener. John Deere No. BB 96060. See Figs. 6 and 7.	31	1	4 ft. of No. 32 detachable link chain. See Figs 5 and 9.
12	2	Legume seed hopper (1 hopper with 2 meters). Dakon-Noble No. 201-5-25. See Figs. 5 and 14.	32	3	³ / ₄ in. bore, low base series, self-align- ing, sealed ball bearing pillow block. See Fig. 10.

Item Number	Quantity Require	d Description
33	2	1 in. bore, low base series, self-aligning, sealed ball bearing pillow block. See Fig. 10.
34	1	³ / ₄ in. bore, rigid bronze bearing pillow block. See Fig. 9.
35	1	³ / ₄ in. diameter shaft, 8 ft. long. See Fig. 10.
36	1	 ³/₄ in. diameter shaft, 6 in. long. See Fig. 9.
37	1	1 in. diameter shaft, 1 ft. long. See Fig. 10.
38	1	Mounting bracket for seed hoppers. See Figs. 4 and 15.
39	4	Furrow opener pivot mount. See Figs. 7 and 17.
40	4	Coulter bracket (short). (Two are used for hopper mount support). See Figs. 5, 11, 12, 13, and 17.
41	2	Coulter bracket (long). See Figs. 5, 11, and 17.
42	4	Adjustable toolbar spacer. See Figs. 6, 14, and 18.
43	1	Hopper mount brace. See Figs. 5 and 19.
44	1	Spring loaded idler. See Figs. 5, 9, and 19.
45	2	$2\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} \times 6$ in. angle iron. Drill to fit bearing (item No. 33) and fix to tool- bar spacer (item No. 6) as shown in Fig. 8.
Iron	4 ft.	$\frac{1}{4} \ge 2$ in. strap iron.
	2 ft. 10 ft.	$\frac{3}{16} \times 16$ in. strap iron. $\frac{1}{3} \times 5$ in. strap iron.
	3 ft.	$1 \times 1 \times 3/16$ in. angle iron.
	17 ft.	$1\frac{1}{2} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \ge 3/16$ in. angle iron.
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$2 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{4}$ in angle iron.
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$2_2 \times 2_2 \times 4$ in. angle from. 5×24 in. bar.
	4 ft.	$\frac{3}{4} \times 4$ in. bar.
	$4\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$1\frac{1}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{4}$ in. bar.
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	³ in. diameter cold rolled shaft.
	3 ft. 4 ft	* in. diameter round bar.
	2 ft.	$2 \text{ in. O. D. x } 1\frac{1}{4} \text{ in I. D. tube.}$
Bolts	8	$5/16 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ in. NC.
	14	$g \ge 1_2$ in. NC. $3 \ge 3$ in. NC.
	8	$\frac{1}{2} \times 2$ in. NC.
	12	$\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ in. NC.
	4	$\frac{5}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ in. NC.
	20	$\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ in, NC.
	16	$(2_2 \text{ in. thread}).$ $^3_4 \times 9 \text{ in. NC.}$ $(2^1_2 \text{ in. thread}).$
		\

Item Number	Quantity Require	d Description
Wash	ers 8	5/16 in. lock washer.
	20	🖁 in. flat washer.
	14	🖁 in. lock washer.
	20	$\frac{1}{2}$ in. lock washer.
	4	🕈 in. lock washer.
	16	$\frac{3}{4}$ in. flat washer.
	4	14 in. flat washer.
	36	$\frac{3}{4}$ in. lock washer.
Nuts	8	5/16 in. NC.
	22	⁸ in. NC.
	20	$\frac{1}{2}$ in. NC.
	4	§ in. NC.
	36	³ / ₄ in. NC.
Misc.	2	$\frac{3}{4}$ in. bore flexible couplers.
	8	1 in. hose clamps.
	4	$1\frac{1}{2}$ in. hose clamps.
	4	Roll pins— $2 \times 3/16$ in.
	16 ft.	💈 in. I. D. plastic hose.
	16 ft.	1 in. I. D. plastic hose.
	12 ft.	‡ in. log cĥain.

No endorsement of specific products or equipment named is intended, nor is criticism implied of those not mentioned.

Figure 3. Small plants begin to show in new furrow.



Figures 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.





Fig. 5 41 40

Fig. 8 18 45 16



Fig. 6





Figures 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14.









Fig. 13

Fig. 14



7



















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